

## A Career At A National Laboratory

### August L. Keksis

July 15, 2015 TAMU REU Career Day

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### Overview

- Undergrad
- Grad
- Post-Doc
- Staff
- University vs National Laboratory Environments
- Overarching Themes
  - Networking (Co-workers, Meetings, Seminars ...)
  - Documentation (CV, Reports, Presentations ...)



## Northern Arizona University (1995-2000)







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LOS Alamos

EST. 1943 -



### **Undergraduate Education**

- 1995 Entered as a Biology Major (Dr. English) & Chemistry Minor
- 1996 Became a Dual Major
  - Biology
  - Chemistry (Certified by the ACS) (Dr. Hartzell)
- 1998 Added a Minor in Physics (Dr. Delinger)
- Undergraduate Research (Dr. Ketterer)
  - Variations in the Isotopic Composition of Hafnium in Contaminated River Sediment
  - ICP-MS
  - Funded through the Hopper Undergraduate Award Program



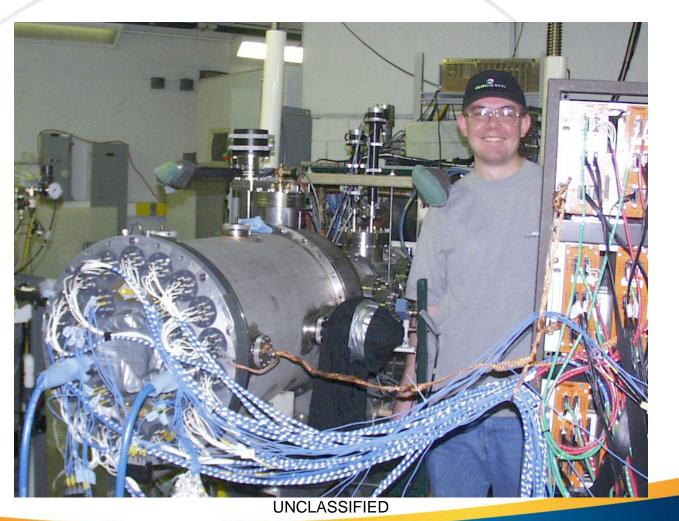
### **Graduate School**

- University of California, Berkeley
- Texas A&M University
- Washington University, St. Louis
- Oregon State University
- University of Kentucky
- Clark University, Mass.
- Accepted to 4 / Tours / Decision



# Texas A&M Cyclotron Institute (2000 – 2007)





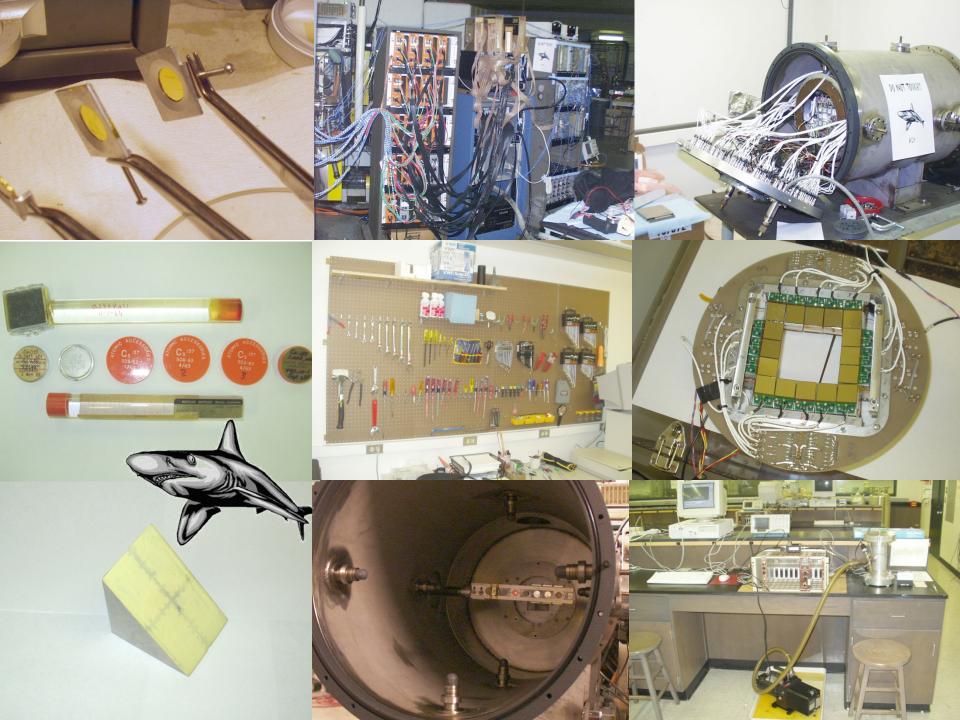




Sara, Sarah, Sherry, AJ, Gus, George, Mike, Cass, Brian, Beth, Dinesh













### FAUST

SJY Home Page | Introduction | Publications | Pictures | Experiments

### FAUST: The Forward Array Using Silicon Technology

What is a forward array

A forward array is a group of detectors that cover the forward (in front of target) angles, while a backward array would cover the rear (behind target) angles. A 4m detector covers all anales around the target

Why use a forward array?

Why would you want a forward array, instead of a 4m array? There are two main reasons

Offyrier The type of reactions being studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the quesiprojectile The type of reactions being studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the quesiprojectile The type of reactions being studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the quesiprojectile The type of reactions being studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the quesiprojectile the studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the quesiprojectile the studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the quesiprojectile the studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the quesiprojectile the studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the quesiprojectile the studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the quesiprojectile the studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the job. Forward arrays are good for looking at the question of the studied dictets what apparatus would be best for the studied dictets would be best for the studied dictets would be best for the studied dictets what appared to the studied dictets would be best for the studied dictets what appared to the studied dictets would be studied dictets what appared to the studied dictets would be studied dictets what appared to the studied dictets would be studied dictets would be studied dictets what appared to the studied dictets would be studied dict (projectile like) fragments from a reaction, which have high velocity, and hince energy, than midperipheral or neck (mixture of projectile/target) fragments and quasitarget (target like) fragments. The higher energy allows for increased thresholds, allowing higher resolution out of the detectors. A 4π array, requires low threshold detectors, because you want to collect all fragments from the reaction, but the resolution is not as good.

FAUST is a forwad array that is composed of 68 detector telescopes housed in five rings (Figure 1). FAUST has solid angle coverage of 90% from 2.3 + to 33.6 + 71% from 1.6 to 2.3 to and 24.9% from 33.6 to 44.8 to Ring A covers 1.64 to 6.36 to and has 8 telescopes, ring B covers 4.60 to 12.28 to and has 12 telescope rings C, D and E covers 4.84 to 19.73 to 13.0 to 30.77 to and 22.63 to 44.85 to respectively and each contain 16 telescopes. Ring C is shown in Figure 2.

Forward arrays are good for peripheral collisions, that is collisions where the target and projectile just slightly overlap. Am arrays are good for central collisions, where the target and projectile collisions (mid peripheral collisions), the type of array depends on what you want to study.

tion of rings. Right side: FAUST as viewed by an ir

· Constructio A forward array is cheaper than a 4m array, and it is very difficult to design a 4m array that has very high anglular coverage.

### low is FAUST constructed?

Los Alamos . NATIONAL LABORATORY

- EST.1943 -

### N/Z EQUILIBRATION IN DEEP INELASTIC COLLISIONS AND THE FRAGMENTATION OF THE RESULTING QUASIPROJECTILES

A Dissertation by

AUGUST LAWRENCE KEKSIS



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Submitted to the Office of Graduate Studies of Texas A&M University in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

### DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

Approved by:

\* P # # 0 ...

Chair of Committee, Sherry J. Yennello Che-Ming Ko Committee Members, Rand L. Watson Joseph B. Natowitz David H. Russell Head of Department,

May 2007

Major Subject: Chemistry



... the visitor



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### **Travel / Schools**

- RIA Summer School
- Gordon Conferences
- ACS Conferences
- APS Conferences
  - Career Fair



- Los Alamos Table Met with Staff Scientist
  - Interview / CV / Resume
  - Paul Passed around X-Division
  - Chuck (X-Division) and Dave (C-Division)
  - Paperwork / Training





### Los Alamos









## Los Alamos National Laboratory

- National Security Mission
  - Developing capabilities to meet the needs of U.S. national security
- Covers 40 square miles
  - 268 Miles of Roads, over 2000 facilities, 8 million ft<sup>2</sup> of buildings
- 10,199 Employees (FY14)
  - 953 Students, 365 Postdocs
- \$2.1 Billion annual budget (FY14)
- Replacement Value: \$9.8 Billion
- Owned by DOE NNSA
- Managed by Los Alamos National Security, LLC
  - University of California, Bechtel, Babcock & Wilcox Technical Services and URS Energy and Construction



### Picture of the Week Supercomputer building blocks

READ MORE

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News Release Mars SuperCam to be built at Los Alamos

News Release ATHENA: Surrogate human organs

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## LANL Media



Webpage: http://www.lanl.gov/

## Los Alamos National Laboratory

Delivering science and technology to protect our nation and promote world stability

- https://www.facebook.com/LosAlamosNationalLab
- https://twitter.com/LosAlamosNatLab
- http://www.linkedin.com/company/5327?trk=NUS\_CMPY\_FOL-co
- fr http://www.flickr.com/photos/losalamosnatlab/
- https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/lanl-app/id647349599?mt=8

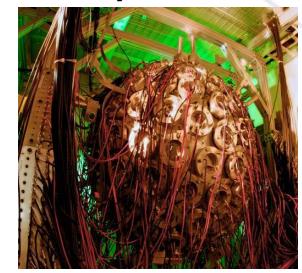
http://www.youtube.com/user/LosAlamosNationalLab



## Los Alamos National Laboratory Post-Doc (2007-2009)



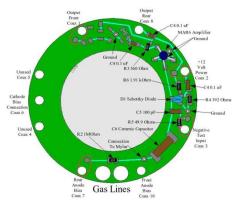






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Artists Rendition of PPAC 2 – Mark 2: Single Stage









Available online at www.sciencedirect.com



Nuclear Data Sheets 111 (2010) 2891-2922



www.elsevier.com/locate/nds

Nuclear Data

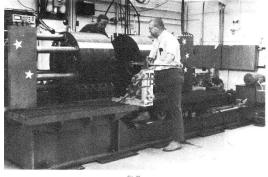
Sheets

### Fission Product Data Measured at Los Alamos for Fission Spectrum and Thermal Neutrons on <sup>239</sup>Pu, <sup>235</sup>U, <sup>238</sup>U

H.D. Selby,\* M.R. Mac Innes, D.W. Barr, A.L. Keksis, R.A Meade, C.J. Burns, M.B. Chadwick, and T.C. Wallstrom Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA

(Received 30 June 30 2010; revised received 20 September 2010; accepted 1 October 2010)

We describe measurements of fission product data at Los Alamos that are important for determining the number of fissions that have occurred when neutrons are incident on plutonium and uranium isotopes. The fission-spectrum measurements were made using a fission chamber designed by the National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST) in the BIG TEN critical assembly, as part of the Inter-laboratory Liquid Metal Fast Breeder Reactor (LMFBR) Reaction Rate (ILRR) collaboration. The thermal measurements were made at Los Alamos' Omega West Reactor. A related set of measurements were made of fission-product ratios (so-called R-values) in neutron environments provided by a number of Los Alamos critical assemblies that range from having average energies causing fission of 400-600 keV (BIG TEN and the outer regions of the Flattop-25 assembly) to higher energies (1.4–1.9 MeV) in the Jezebel, and in the central regions of the Flattop-25 and Flattop-Pu, critical assemblies. From these data we determine ratios of fission product yields in different fuel and neutron environments (Q-values) and fission product yields in fission spectrum neutron environments for <sup>99</sup>Mo, <sup>98</sup>Zr, <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>140</sup>Ba, <sup>141,143</sup>Ce, and <sup>147</sup>Nd. Modest incident-energy dependence exists for the <sup>147</sup>Nd fission product yield; this is discussed in the context of models for fission that include thermal and dynamical effects. The fission product data agree with measurements by Maeck and other authors using mass-spectrometry methods, and with the ILRR collaboration results that used gamma spectroscopy for quantifying fission products. We note that the measurements also contradict earlier 1950s historical Los Alamos estimates by  $\sim 5-7\%$ , most likely owing to self-shielding corrections not made in the early thermal measurements. Our experimental results provide a confirmation of the England-Rider ENDF/B-VI evaluated fission-spectrum fission product yields that were carried over to the ENDF/B-VII.0 library, except for <sup>99</sup>Mo where the present results are about 4%-relative higher for neutrons incident on <sup>239</sup>Pu and <sup>235</sup>U. Additionally, our results illustrate the importance of representing the incident energy dependence of fission product yields over the fast neutron energy range for high-accuracy work, for example the <sup>147</sup>Nd from neutron reactions on plutonium. An upgrade to the ENDF library, for ENDF/B-VII.1, based on these and other data, is described in a companion paper to this work.



Big Ten, the all-uranium-metal assembly with a core exeraging 10% uranium-235. Bohind is Gordon Hansen of Group Q-14, and in foreground is derry Koelling who left to join Group





Operated by Los Alamos National Security, LLC for the U.S. Department of Energy's NNSA

## **Postdoc Information**



- ~365 Postdocs at LANL
- Salary start at \$73k, based on years since PhD.
  - Comprehensive Benefits Package (Health, Vision, Dental, 401k plus matching, ...)
- **Temporary Position Usually 2-3 years** 
  - Find another job Job Fairs
  - Go through Conversion Process to become a Staff Member
    - 25% of all Staff were formerly postdocs or students
    - 52% of new hires were formerly students/postdocs

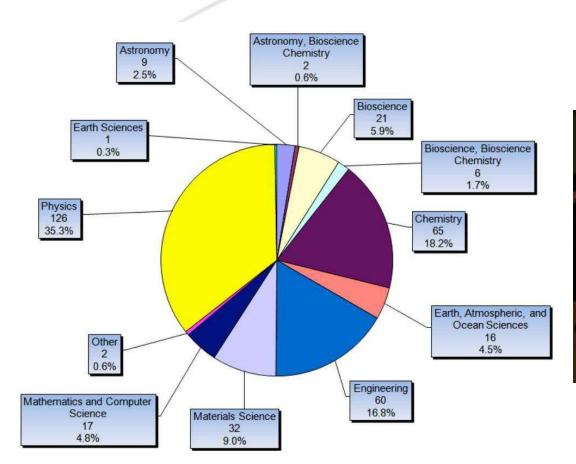
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Est. 2006



## ~ Postdoc Composition









## LAPA – Los Alamos Post Doc Association





## Los Alamos National Laboratory Staff Scientist (2009-Date)

- Historical Archiving
- Stockpile Stewardship
- Nuclear Forensics
- Nuclear Data Measurements





Nuclear terrorism must be prevented. Nuclear forensics at Los Alamos provides the nation with the capability to quickly identify and thus deter potential terrorists.

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### **READERS MAY BE SURPRISED**

CHARLESMcMILLAN, Laboratory Director

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## PROJECT SEDAN,

DETONATED JULY 6, 1962
EXPLOSIVES - THERMONUCLEAR, 70% FUSION, 30% FISSION
YIELD 104 KILOTONS
MEDIUM ALLUVIUM
DEPTH OF BURIAL 635 FT.
EMPLACEMENT HOLE DIAMETER 36"

### **CRATER STATISTICS**

MAXIMUM DEPTH ----- 320 FT. MAXIMUM DIAMETER ----- 1,280 FT. VOLUME -- 6.6 MILLION CUBIC YARDS WEIGHT OF MATERIAL LIFTED --- 12 MILLION TONS MAXIMUM LIP HEIGHT ----- 100 FT. MINIMUM LIP HEIGHT ----- 20 FT.

0







### **C-NR: Nuclear & Radiochemistry**

		elicia Taw, Gro Didenborg, De	oup Leader puty Group Leade	Ashlee Rendo	ez (Administration) on (Administration) M)
Nuclear Chemistry	Radiochemistry	Countroom	Assessment	Clean	Chemistry
Todd Bredeweg, TL	Warren Oldham, TL	Donald Dry, TL	William Inkret, TL	Robert	Steiner, TL
Bayar Baramsai <sup>^</sup> Beau Barker <sup>^</sup> Evelyn Bond Jennifer Braley <sup>*</sup> Jaimie Daum <sup>*</sup> Matthew Gooden <sup>^</sup> Marian Jandel Michael Koehl <sup>*</sup> Audrey Roman <sup>^</sup> Robert Rundberg Gencho Rusev Rebecca Springs <sup>*</sup> David Vieira <sup>*</sup> Carrie Walker <sup>^</sup> Jerry Wilhelmy <sup>*</sup> Xinxin Zhao	Jennifer Berger Scott Bowen Michael Cisneros Susan Hanson Jeffrey Miller Angela Olson Susan Pacheco	Jose Cordova David Finnegan Malcolm Fowler* Michael Gallegos Lisa Hudston Kevin Jackman Michelle Mosby^ Mark Smith Katelyn Narum* Randy Rendon Jennifer Romero Patti Wills	Sydney Andrews* Alex Gancarz* Gus Keksis Amy Lee Bret Lockhart Michael MacInnes* Bill McKerley* Roger Meade* Michael Murrell* John Musgrave Serena Rodriguez Mario Schillaci* Hugh Selb Nicholas Travia^ Christopher Waidmann	Patrick Foy Richard Hervig* Dale Melton Arthur Montoya Danielle Roybal Gilbert Sosaya Joseph Sullivan Beverly Williams * <b>Spectroscopy</b> Marianne Wilkerson, FLN William Mullen* Alison Tamasi* Nicholas Wozniak* Sandra Zerkle*	<b>Radiochemistry</b> Fred Roensch, FLM Julianna Baca Paula Cisneros Camilla Lance
*Affiliate, Guest Scientist, etc *Students *Postdocs	2.			ICP-MS William Kinman, FLM Gerald Alfano Sharon Baldwin Chloe Bonamici^ Annelise Cardon⁺	Lynn Miller Morgan Schake⁺ Emily Schmidt <b>TIMS</b> Jeffrey Roach, FLM
March 30, 2015				Rebecca Foley Michael Harris Anthony Pollington <sup>^</sup>	Carol Hughes Kimberly Israel Azim Kara Dennis Lopez

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### **TA-48**



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### Hot Cells – Medical Isotopes



Rb-82 from the parent Sr-82



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### Countroom

- **7000 sq. ft.**
- 24/7/365
- ~ 70,000 Measurements Annually
  - Medical Isotopes, Separation Chemistry, Pu Bioassay, Environmental Monitoring, National Security Programs
- 50+ HPGe Detectors
  - 1 has been in continuous operation since 1978
- 15 Beta Counters
- 100 Alpha Counters
- 5 Nal(TI) Detectors
- Low Backgrounds, Highly Calibrated













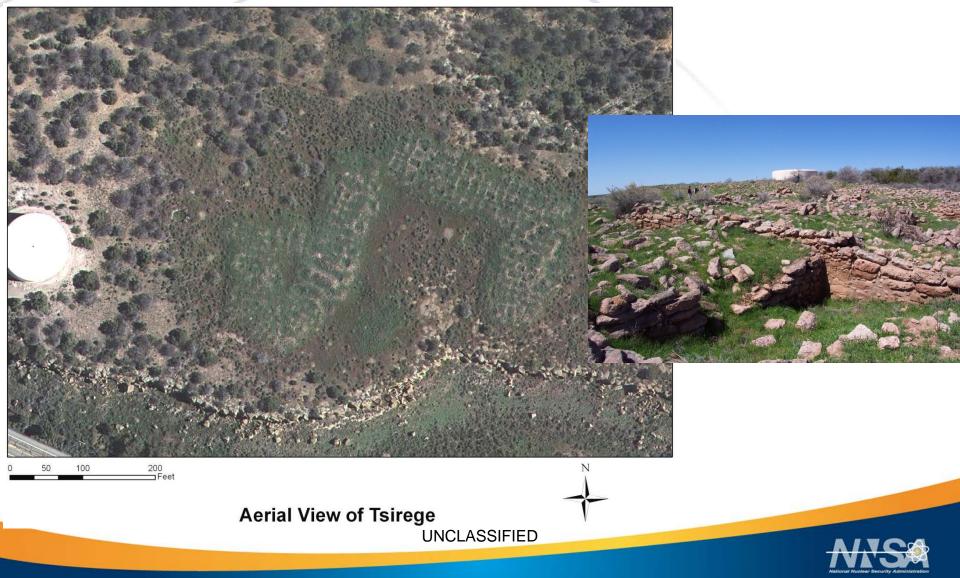
### Travel

- London, UK
- Paris, France
- Washington DC
- Florida, Nevada,
   California, Tennessee,
   New Hampshire,
   Virginia, ...





### 1,700+ Cultural Sites



## Manhattan Project Sites (MED National Park – In The Works)





V-Site (TA-16) – Trinity Assembly Gun Site (TA-8) – Little Boy Assembly Quonset Hut (TA-22) – Fat Man Assembly Concrete Bowl (TA-6) – Plutonium Recovery Slotin Building (TA-18) – Slotin Criticality Accident Pond Cabin (TA-18) – Plutonium Research



### Activities

- Bandelier National Monument
- Bradbury Museum
- Pajarito Ski Area
- World's Highest Altitude Olympic Size Swimming Pool
- Running, Bicycling, Camping, Rafting, Outdoor Activities
- Santa Fe (State Capitol) ~ 50 Minutes
- Albuquerque ~ 90 Minutes



## Los Alamos NATIONAL LABORATORY

# Differences between University & National Lab Environment

- Training ½ Day every month, 2 Weeks initially
- Rules & Regulations
- Processes / Procedures
  - Publications / Presentations LAUR-15-24834
    - Reviewed / Process 3 to 7 working days
  - Testing Detectors in a Vacuum Chamber
    - TAMU ~ 2 Weeks
    - LANL ~ 6 Months
      - IWD Integrated Work Document
      - Purchasing / Counterfeit Check
      - Assembling the right people



## Handling Cf-252 Fixed Sources in Los Ala RC-17 at TA-48

IWD#: Г	IWD – PART 1 (Activity Specific Information)         IWD#: IWD-RC17-0007 Revision#: 0.0       Activity/Task Title: Handling Cf-252 Fixed Sources in RC-17 at TA-48					
Work Document #: (work order # )		ork order # )				
TA: 48 Building: Room: 100-A RC-17		Room: 100-A	Additional Location Description: NA			

Work Tasks/Steps Identify work steps/tasks in sequence when such sequencing contributes to safety, security, and/or environmental protection. These may be limited to basic steps if an independent Work Instruction Documet is to be developed.	Hazards, Concerns, and Potential Accidents/Incidents Identify both activity and work-area hazards for each task/step.	Controls, Preventive Measures, and Bounding Conditions Specify preventive measures, controls for each hazard (e.g., lockout/tagout points, specific PPE, TIDs, alarms, safes, recycle, waste minimization)	Reference Documents List permits, operating manuals, security plans, and other reference procedures.	<b>Training</b> List training and qualification requirements.
All Tasks	TA-48 RC-17 emergencies After hours and weekend work Radiological contamination of personnel or equipment due to breach of source windows or leakage.	Personnel must be aware of the evacuation plan, lights and signals used in RC-17 and TA-48. Personnel must be aware of C-NR policies, especially after-hours and weekends. Installation and removal of Cf-252 sources are not allowed after hours or weekends, unless special permission has been given by the C-NR Group Leader. The thin windows of the source are the protective barrier that keep the Cf-252 material contained. Care must be exercised to protect the windows during handling and mounting.	C-INC-POL-1001: Unattended Operations Posting Policy C-NR-POL-1000 R2.0: Working Alone Policy PRO-C-DO-007.R3: Radioactive Material Inventory Control at RC-1 PRO-C-DO-008 R.5: TA-48 Radioactive Material Handling	TP 115 - Radiological Worker II TP 4138 – Rad Sealed Source Custodian/User TP 5875: MCFO TA- 48 RC-1 Complex TP 6113: RC-1 Radioactive Inventory Control TP 6351: C-NR General Worker Lab Policies TP 6957: IWM Worker Training Requirements

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## Detector and Equipment Testing and Los Alamos Development in RC-17 at TA-48

IWD – PART 1 (Activity Specific Information)							
IWD#:	IWD-RC17-0008		JHA Validation #	N/A	Part I Development Participants: August Keksis, Dave Vieira, Todd Bredeweg,		
Revision#:	0.0		Hazard Analysis Documentation	What-If Matrix Attached	Bob Rundberg, Xinxin Zhou, Marian Jandel		
Activity/Task Tit	Activity/Task Title: Detector and Equipment Testing and Development in RC-17 at TA-48						
TA: 48         Building: RC-17         Room: 100-A         Additional Location Description: NA			n: NA				

### Activity Description/Overview

This document describes work associated with detector and equipment testing and development in RC-17 at TA-48. Detectors and equipment will be built and tested in room 100-A. There is a vacuum chamber for detector testing, which requires rigging and Engine Hoist to lift the lid – this is handled in a separate IWD (IWD-RC17-0009). Low activity (<10 $\mu$ Ci) beta and gamma sources (such as Ru-106, Co-60, Y-88, and Na-22) will be used along with low activity fixed alpha and fission sources (such as Th-228, Th-230, and Cf-252). The Cf-252 fission source is covered in a separate IWD (IWD-RC17-0007), due to its fragile window.

No classified work is involved.

This IWD took assorted tasks (based on the scope of this IWD) from the following IWDs: LANSCE-NS-26 – Flight Path 1FP14 (DANCE) Neutron Beam Experiments at LANSCE/Lujan Center LANSCE-NS-34 – Use of alpha, beta, gamma emitting samples at DANCE LANSCE-NS-39 – Testing and operation of the PPAC fission-tagging detector with actinide targets at DANCE as well as certain tasks from the RC-1 Countroom IWDs, Xinxin Zhou's IWDs and Marianne Wilkerson's IWDs.

List Names of Hazard Analysis (HA) Team: August Keksis, Todd Bredeweg, Dave Vieira, Xinxin Zhou and Bob Rundberg Date HA Performed: April 29, 2008

Work Tasks/Steps Identify work steps/tasks in sequence when such sequencing contributes to safety, security, and/or environmental protection.	Hazards, Concerns, and Potential Accidents/Incidents Identify both activity and work-area hazards for each task/step.	Controls, Preventive Measures, and Bounding Conditions Specify preventive measures, controls for each hazard (e.g., lockout/tagout points, specific PPE, TIDs, alarms, safes, recycle, waste minimization)	Reference Documents List permits, operating manuals, security plans, and other reference procedures.	Training List training and qualification requirements.
All Tasks		Personnel must be aware of the evacuation plan, lights and signals used in RC-17 and TA-48. Personnel must be aware of C-NR policies, especially after-hours and weekends. Follow postings directions before intering the lab. PPE: Must wear TLD and Safety Glasses with side-shields while in lab	C-INC-POL-1001: Unattended Operations Posting Policy C-NR-POL-1000 R2.0: Working Alone Policy HCP-C-INC-001: General Laboratory, Office and Field Operations	TP 115 Radiological Worker II TP 5875: MCFO TA-48 RC-1 Complex TP 6351: C-NR General Worker Lab Policies TP 6957: IWM Worker Training Requirements

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# Using the Ruger RC-1000S engine hoist at TA-48



IWD – PART 1 (Activity Specific Information)							
IWD#:	IWD-RC17-0009		JHA Validation #	N/A	Part I Development Participants: Richard Johnson, August Keksis, Russ Gritzo,		
Revision#:	#: 0.0		Hazard Analysis Documentation	What-If Matrix Attached	Todd Bredeweg, Dave Vieira		
Activity/Task Tit	Activity/Task Title: Using the Ruger RC-1000S engine hoist at TA-48						
TA: 48         Building: RC-17         Room: 100-A         Additional Location Description: All of TA-4			i: All of TA-48				

### Activity Description/Overview

This IWD covers the use of the Ruger RC-1000S engine hoist at TA-48. The hoist will be used in RC-17 for opening and closing a chamber lid as well as in multiple locations in RC-1 for moving shielding and detectors. Anyone who uses the hoist must have incidental crane operator training (TP 122) and be wearing steel toed shoes (which can be ordered through the group office) and leather gloves. As always read the entry requirements and wear the appropriate PPE for the location where the hoist will be used (i.e. in RC-17 saftey glasses are required in the lab). Also the hoist must be within the annual preventative maintenance inspection, which is shown by a sticker on the hoist. All rigging must be inspected before use and then the object that will be lifted should be lifted 1" to check the stability of the rigging and alignment of the load. Check the path that the hoist will traverse for obstacles then proceed with the lift and move. If at any time a question arrises contact the PIC for information. Only weights upto 750 pounds are allowed under this IWD. Most objects have their weights listed/stamped on them. If unsure of a weight attain a rigging scale to measure, but only lift up to 750 pounds.

Before using the hoist a Preoperational Inspection Record for Overhead Cranes and Hoists (Form 1489 – 7/08 Version) must be filled out. Also each month a Monthly Inspection Record For Manually Lever-Operated Hoists (Form 1592 – 4/93 Version) needs to be filled out.

Restrictions: NO CRITICAL LIFTS ALLOWED: A critical lift is lifting a wieght greater than 75% of the manufacturers rated capacity, so for the Ruger RC-1000S, which has a rated capacity of 1000 pounds means that only weights less than 750 pounds are allowed to be lifted. Critical lifts are also defined by using two or more cranes, having a person being hoisted, any lift where there is a possibility of contacting an energized power line, any lift that is in close proximity to critical or expensive items which could be damaged and when the item being lifted requires special care because of weight, size, asymmetry, center of gravity, installation tolerances or other unusual factors. All of the activities listed in the previous sentence are forbidden under this IWD.

### List Names of Hazard Analysis (HA) Team: August Keksis, Todd Bredeweg, Marian Jandel, Dave Vieira

Date HA Performed: July 30, 2008

Work Tasks/Steps Identify work steps/tasks in sequence when such sequencing contributes to safety, security, and/or environmental protection.	Hazards, Concerns, and Potential Accidents/Incidents Identify both activity and work-area hazards for each task/step.	Controls, Preventive Measures, and Bounding Conditions Specify preventive measures, controls for each hazard (e.g., lockout/tagout points, specific PPE, TIDs, alarms, safes, recycle, waste minimization)	Reference Documents List permits, operating manuals, security plans, and other reference procedures.	<b>Training</b> List training and qualification requirements.
Task 1. Review site specific hazards for TA-48 (pre-job briefing)	Site specific hazards are listed on the form 2102 (part 2 of the IWD). Area specific hazards.	Follow instructions for hazards on the form 2102 (part 2 of the IWD). Site specific training and C-Division specific training are required. Follow all posting that are in the area where hoisting operations are taking place.	ES&H Form 2102.	TP 5875: TA48 General Training TP 6351: C-INC General Worker Lab Policies TP 6957: IWM Worker Training Requirements TP 6113: RC-1 Radiological Inventory Control





## **Summary – Overarching Themes**

- Networking
  - Interact with folks
  - LinkedIn, Business Cards, Resumes
  - APS has a CV database, Many labs have CV databases
  - Go to meetings, summer schools, lectures
  - New Ideas, New People
- Documentation
  - CV Update Yearly
    - What have you done? Training, Work, Coding, Volunteering, Memberships
    - This is where you can pull specific information for a resume to a specific job application
  - Reports, Presentations
    - This is how people typically first interact with you
    - Quality





## **Digital Files on History of LANL**

- LALP-95-2-6&7. Dateline Los Alamos LANL A Proud Past and Exciting Future.
- LASL-79-78. Los Alamos 1943-1945 The Beginning of an Era.
- DOE/MA-0002. The Manhattan Project Making the Atomic Bomb.
- Science in the National Interest Photographs Celebrating Six Decades of Excellence.
- LALP-12-010. National Security Science. November 2012.

